Basic Chemistry, 5e (Timberlake) Chapter 1 Chemistry in Our Lives

1.1 Multiple Choice Questions
1) Water, H ₂ O, is an example of a(n) A) chemical
B) solid
C) wave
D) electric charge
E) element
Answer: A
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
2) In this list, which substance can be classified as a chemical?
A) salt
B) sleep
C) cold
D) heat
E) temperature
Answer: A
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
3) One example of a chemical used in toothpaste is
A) chlorine
B) sulfur
C) carbon dioxide
D) calcium carbonate
E) sugar
Answer: D
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
4) Which of the following is NOT a chemical?
A) salt
B) water
C) light
D) carbon dioxide
E) sugar
Answer: C
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2

5) Sodium fluorophosphate is a chemical used in toothpaste to
A) make the paste white
B) disinfect the toothbrush
C) keep the paste from spoiling
D) remove plaque
E) strengthen tooth enamel
Answer: E
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
6) Methyl salicylate is a chemical used in toothpaste to
A) make the paste white
B) disinfect the toothbrush
C) keep the paste from spoiling
D) give a pleasant flavor
E) strengthen tooth enamel
Answer: D
Objective: 1.1
Global: GO2
7) When a part of the body is injured, substances called are released.
7) When a part of the body is injured, substances called are released. A) aspirins
A) aspirins
A) aspirins B) pain relievers
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins
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A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E Objective: 1.1 Global: G2 8) Which of the following is a chemical?
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E Objective: 1.1 Global: G2 8) Which of the following is a chemical? A) sugar B) heat
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A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E Objective: 1.1 Global: G2 8) Which of the following is a chemical? A) sugar B) heat C) light
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E Objective: 1.1 Global: G2 8) Which of the following is a chemical? A) sugar B) heat C) light D) noise
A) aspirins B) pain relievers C) nitrogen oxides D) chlorofluorocarbons E) prostaglandins Answer: E Objective: 1.1 Global: G2 8) Which of the following is a chemical? A) sugar B) heat C) light D) noise E) a wave

9) The production of smog from the chemical NO requires
A) nitrogen
B) chlorine
C) water
D) oxygen
E) CFCs
Answer: D
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
10) Titanium dioxide is a chemical used in toothpaste to
A) make the paste white
B) disinfect the toothbrush
C) keep the paste from spoiling
D) remove plaque
E) strengthen tooth enamel
Answer: A
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
11) Which of the following is NOT a chemical? A) sugar
B) salt
C) oxygen
D) noise
E) gold
Answer: D
Objective: 1.1
Global: G2
12) The first step in the scientific method is
A) using technology
B) making observations
C) forming a hypothesis
D) doing experiments
E) proposing a theory
Answer: B
Objective: 1.2
Global: G1

13) You notice that there is more traffic between 8 and 9 in the morning. This would be a(n)
A) observation B) hypothesis C) experiment D) theory E) all the above Answer: A Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
14) There is more traffic between 8 and 9 in the morning because most people start work at 9 This would be a(n) A) observation B) hypothesis C) experiment D) theory E) all the above Answer: B Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
15) In order to enhance your learning in chemistry, you should NOT A) study a little every day B) form a study group C) go to office hours D) be an active learner E) wait until the night before the exam to study Answer: E Objective: 1.3 Global: G2
16) One way to enhance your learning in chemistry is to A) study a little every day B) form a study group C) go to office hours D) be an active learner E) all the above Answer: E Objective: 1.3 Global: G2

17) In the number 12.345, the 4 is in the	place.
A) tens	
B) ones	
C) tenths	
D) hundredths	
E) thousandths	
Answer: D	
Objective: 1.4	
Global: G4	
18) In the number 12.345, the 1 is in the	place.
A) tens	
B) ones	
C) tenths	
D) hundredths	
E) thousandths	
Answer: A	
Objective: 1.4	
Global: G4	
19) The product of $(-4) \times (-5)$ is	
A) -20	
B) +20	
C) -1	
D) +1	
E) 0	
Answer: B	
Objective: 1.4	
Global: G4	
20) For the counties $4\pi + 2 = 10$ we could	
20) For the equation $4x + 2 = 10$, x equals	—·
A) 8 B) 12	
B) 12	
C) 3	
D) 2	
E) -2	
Answer: D	
Objective: 1.4	
Global: G4	

21) 12 is what percent of 36?
A) 3%
B) 30%
C) 33%
D) 330%
E) 12%
Answer: C
Objective: 1.4
Global: G4
22) Written in scientific notation, 540 000 is
A) 0.54×106
B) 54×108
C) 5.4×10^{-5}
D) 5.4×10^5
E) 5.4
Answer: D
Objective: 1.5
Global: G4
23) Written in scientific notation, 8300 is
A) 8.3×10^2
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3 C) 8.3×10^4 D) 8.3×10^{-3}
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻²
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3 C) 8.3×10^4 D) 8.3×10^{-3} E) 8.3×10^{-2} Answer: B
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3 C) 8.3×10^4 D) 8.3×10^{-3} E) 8.3×10^{-2} Answer: B Objective: 1.5
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3 C) 8.3×10^4 D) 8.3×10^{-3} E) 8.3×10^{-2} Answer: B
A) 8.3×10^2 B) 8.3×10^3 C) 8.3×10^4 D) 8.3×10^{-3} E) 8.3×10^{-2} Answer: B Objective: 1.5
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is A) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ B) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ C) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is A) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ B) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ C) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁸
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is A) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ B) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁸ E) 3.3
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is A) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ B) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ C) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁸ E) 3.3 Answer: B
A) 8.3 × 10 ² B) 8.3 × 10 ³ C) 8.3 × 10 ⁴ D) 8.3 × 10 ⁻³ E) 8.3 × 10 ⁻² Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4 24) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 000 33 is A) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁷ B) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁻⁸ D) 3.3 × 10 ⁸ E) 3.3

- 25) Written in scientific notation, 0.000 004 03 is _____.
- A) 4.03×10^{-7}
- B) 4.03×10^{-6}
- C) 4.03×106
- D) 0.403×10^{-5}
- E) 4.03

Answer: B Objective: 1.5 Global: G4

- 1.2 True/False Questions
- 1) The reddish-brown color of smog is due to NO2.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

2) Methyl salicylate is used in toothpaste as an abrasive.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

3) Titanium dioxide in toothpaste is used to give toothpaste a pleasant flavor.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

4) General chemistry is the study of the composition, properties, and reactions of matter.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

5) Organic chemistry is the study of substances that contain carbon.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

6) Geochemistry is the study of the chemical reactions that take place in the body.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

7) The first step in using the scientific method is usually the observation of some natural event.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.2 Global: G1

8) In the scientific method, a hypothesis has more data to support it than a theory.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.2 Global: G1

9) A theory is confirmed after one experiment is performed.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.2 Global: G1

10) Working with a group of students can help you learn chemistry.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.3 Global: G2

11) It is best to study only the night before an exam.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.3 Global: G2

12) When -5 is added to -3, the answer is 8.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4

13) When -5 is multiplied by -3, the answer is 15.

Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4

14) (-8) - (4) is -12. Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4

15) (-8) - (-4) is -12. Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4

16) If 2x + 2 = 8, x is 5.

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4

Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
18) When -7 is added to -5 the answer is 12. Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
19) If a negative number is divided by another negative number, the answer will be a positive number. Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
20) 3.5 × 10 ³ is equal to 3500. Answer: TRUE Objective: 1.5 Global: G4
21) 2.25 × 10-4 is equal to 22500. Answer: FALSE Objective: 1.5 Global: G4
1.3 Short Answer Questions
1) A type of matter that has the same composition and properties wherever it is found is a(n)
Answer: chemical Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
2) The brown color of smog is caused by Answer: nitrogen dioxide Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
3) The substances released when tissues are injured are Answer: prostaglandins Objective: 1.1 Global: G2

17) In the number 123.45, the digit 5 is in the hundreds place.

4) Substances which prevent spoilage are called Answer: antioxidants Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
5) An abrasive used in toothpaste is Answer: calcium carbonate Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
6) Any material used in or produced by a chemical reaction is a(n) Answer: chemical Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
7) The science that studies the properties and composition of substances is called Answer: chemistry Objective: 1.1 Global: G2
8) The use of observation and hypothesis are important steps in the method. Answer: scientific Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
9) A test performed to determine if a hypothesis is valid is called a(n) Answer: experiment Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
10) A hypothesis can be tested by performing a(n) Answer: experiment Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
11) An observation takes place when a(n) is noted. Answer: natural phenomenon Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
12) Name the steps in the scientific method. Answer: observation, hypothesis, experiment, theory Objective: 1.2 Global: G1

13) When a hypothesis is supported by many experiments is becomes a(n) Answer: theory Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
14) In the scientific method, after data is collected, a(n) is proposed which gives a possible explanation. Answer: hypothesis Objective: 1.2 Global: G1
15) In the number 34.56, the 4 is in the place. Answer: ones Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
16) When two negative numbers are added, the answer is Answer: negative Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
17) When two positive numbers are added, the answer is Answer: positive Objective: 1.4 Global: G4
18) In the number 45.678, the digit 6 is in the place. Answer: tenths Objective: 1.4 Global: GO2
Express each of the following numbers using scientific notation.
19) 351 000 000 000 Answer: 3.51 × 10 ¹¹ Objective: 1.5 Global: G5
20) 0.000 860 Answer: 8.60 × 10 ⁻⁴ Objective: 1.5 Global: G5
21) 5 207 000 Answer: 5.207 × 10 ⁶ Objective: 1.5 Global: G5

22) 0.000 000 050

Answer: 5.0×10^{-8} Objective: 1.5 Global: G5